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AUDIT - NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED  
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**H.K. CHAUDHRY & CO.**  
**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2024**

**To The Members of NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

### **Report on the audit of the financial statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of M/s **NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, the loss for the period 13.12.2023 to 31.03.2024 & total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



## **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of Key audit matters as per SA 701 is not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted Company.

## **Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Responsibility of Management for Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the other accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatements resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control .
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in Annexure 'I' our report on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. In terms of section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure 'II' our report on the directions including sub-directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rules issued thereunder to the extent applicable in the manner so required.
  - e. In view of exemption given vide notification no. G.S.R. 463(E) dated June 5, 2015, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, provisions of Section 164(2) of the Act regarding disqualification of Directors, are not applicable to the Company;
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure 'III'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting.





- g. With respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended.  
The provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable on the remuneration paid/payable to directors of the Company in view of notification No. GSR 463(E) dated 05th June, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has not disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone IndAS financial statements.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year end 31 March 2024
  - iv. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;  
  
b) The management has represented that to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of Ultimate Beneficiaries; and  
  
c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement
  - v. The Company was incorporated on 13.12.2023 and these financial statements are for period 13.12.2023 to 31.03.2024 (Refer Note 17.3 of financial statements). During the financial year 2023-24, no dividend has been proposed or declared or paid by the Company



- (vi) On the basis of written representation received from the Management of the Company and based on our examination which included test check, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail(edit log) facility and same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trial feature being tampered with.

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024  
Place: New Delhi



For HK CHAUDHRY & CO  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS  
FRN: 06154N

  
MONISH BAWEJA  
(Partner)  
M.No. 087384



**Annexure-I**

**M/s NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the company on the IndAS financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024,

We report that:

- (i) The Company does not have any Property, Plant & Equipment or Intangible Assets, therefore, the reporting requirements of paragraph 3(i)(a),(b),(c),(d),(e) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ii) The Company had no inventory during and at the year end. Therefore, the reporting requirements of paragraph 3(ii)(a),(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iii) (a) The Company has not granted any loans, advances in nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company.  
  
(b) During the year, the Company has not made investments, provided security and granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties and hence not commented upon.  
  
(c) The Company has not granted any loans, advances in nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(c) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not granted/made any loans, investments, guarantees issued and securities provided in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable, hence not commented upon.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.





- (vi) The maintenance of cost records prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the reporting requirements of paragraph 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account and records, the Company has not incurred any liability for undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Sales tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. The Company has deposited undisputed statutory due of Income Tax (TDS) regularly with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax and Cess, Goods and Service Tax which have not been deposited as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 on account of disputes.
- (viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of accounts, in the tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institutions, banks, government or debenture holder during the year. Accordingly, the reporting requirements of paragraph 3(ix)(a),(b),(c),(d),(e) and (f) of the Order are not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer/further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (xi) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by cost auditor/secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The Company is not covered by section 138 of the Companies Act 2013, related to appointment of internal auditor of the Company. Therefore, the company is not required to appoint any internal auditor. Accordingly, the reporting requirements of paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable
- (xv) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (d) There is no Core Investment Company as a part of the group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 3566.08 thousands during the current year. The Company was incorporated during the current financial year. Accordingly, there are no comparative figures for the previous financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) On the basis of information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The Company is not covered under the provisions of section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and hence reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable.



**For: H K Chaudhry & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN: 06154N

*Monish Baweja*

**Monish Baweja**  
Partner  
M. No. 087384

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024  
Place: New Delhi



**H.K. CHAUDHRY & CO.**  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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**Annexure - II**

**NERGS-I Power Transmission Limited**  
**Directions under section 143(5) of the companies Act, 2013**  
**for the year 2023-24**

S.No.	Directions	Reply
1.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transaction through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated	All accounting transactions of the Company are recorded in Tally Prime software. No accounting transaction is being recorded /processed otherwise than through Tally Prime software.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial implication may be stated.	There are no cases of restructuring/waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc made by any lender to the Company.
3.	Whether funds received/ receivable for specific schemes from central/state agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per the terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	During the year no fund has been received from Central/State agencies.

**For: H K Chaudhry & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN: 06154N



*Monish Baweja*  
**Monish Baweja**  
Partner  
M. No. 087384

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024  
Place: New Delhi



**Annexure-III**

**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**  
**Independent Auditor's Report**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED** ("the Company") as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

**Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial control based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in "Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control Over Financial Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

**Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting and the Standards on Auditing, issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statement were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.





Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### **Meaning of Internal Financial over Financial Reporting**

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statement in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with generally with authorization of the Management and Directors of the Company; and (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



## Opinion

In our opinion to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the "Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



**For: H K Chaudhry & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN: 06154N

  
**Monish Baweja**  
Partner  
M. No. 087384

**Date:** 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024  
**Place:** New Delhi



**H.K. CHAUDHRY & CO.**  
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

101, Nirmal Tower,  
26 Barakhamba Road,  
New Delhi-110001.  
Phone : 011-41514981  
E-mail: hkcdelhi@yahoo.co.in

### Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual accounts of NERGS-I Power Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with the directions/sub-directions issued by the C& AG of the India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the Directions/Sub-directions issued to us.

**For: H K Chaudhry & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN: 06154N



**Monish Baweja**  
Partner  
M. No. 087384

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024  
Place: New Delhi

**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

CIN U42202DL2023GOI423849

Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March, 2024
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
<b>Total non current assets</b>		-
<b>Current assets</b>		
<b>Financial assets</b>		
- Cash and cash equivalents	4	500.00
<b>Total current assets</b>		500.00
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		500.00
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Equity</b>		
Equity share capital	5	500.00
Other equity	6	(3,566.08)
<b>Total equity</b>		(3,066.08)
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
(a) Financial liabilities		
Other financial liabilities	7	3,263.11
(b) Other current liabilities	8	302.97
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		3,566.08
<b>Total liabilities</b>		3,566.08
<b>TOTAL EQUITY &amp; LIABILITIES</b>		500.00

**Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3**

The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements.

These are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date.

For H K Chaudhry &amp; Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 006154N

Monish Baweja

Monish Baweja

Partner

Membership no: 087384

Place: New Delhi

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

AJAY MATHUR

Director

DIN: 08805424

Date: 25/04/2024

Alok Singh

ALOK SINGH

Director

DIN: 07498786

Date: 25/04/2024

**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

CIN U42202DL2023GOI415540

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended from 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

	Particulars	Notes	For the period ended 31 March, 2024
I	Income		
II	Other income		-
III	Total Income (I+II)		-
IV	Expenses		
	Other expenses	9	3,566.08
	Total expenses		3,566.08
V	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		(3,566.08)
VI	Exceptional items		-
VII	Profit/(loss) before tax (V-VI)		
VIII	Tax expense	10	
	Current tax		-
	Deferred tax expense/(credit)		-
	Earlier year taxes/(refunds)		-
	Total tax expenses		-
IX	Profit/(Loss) for the period (VII-VIII)		(3,566.08)
X	Other comprehensive Income		
	- Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		
	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		-
	Tax impact on re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		-
XI	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX+X) (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		(3,566.08)
XII	Earnings per equity share (in ₹):	11	
	(1) Basic		(71.32)
	(2) Diluted		(71.32)

Summary of significant accounting policies &amp; other information 1 to 3

The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements.

These are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date.

For H K Chaudhry &amp; Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 006154N

Monish Baweja

Partner

Membership no: 087384

Place: New Delhi

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

AJAY MATHUR

Director

DIN: 08805424

Date: 25/04/2024

ALOK SINGH

Director

DIN: 07498786

Date: 25/04/2024



**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**
**CIN U42202DL2023GOI423849**
**Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March, 2024**

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	For the period ended 31 March, 2024
<b>A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(3,566.08)
Operating profit before working capital changes	(3,566.08)
<b>Changes in working capital:</b>	
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:	
Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:	
Other financial liabilities (current)	3,263.11
Other current liabilities	302.97
Cash generated from operations	-
Less: Tax paid	-
Net cash used in operating activities (A)	-
<b>B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Sale/(Purchase) of property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress and intangibles)	-
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	-
<b>C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Issue of share capital	500.00
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	500.00
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	500.00
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year / period	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year / period	500.00
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement	500.00

Summary of significant accounting policies &amp; other information 1 to 3

**The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements.**

These are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date.

**For H K Chaudhry & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 006154N


**Monish Baweja**

Partner

Membership no: 087384

Place: New Delhi

 Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024


For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

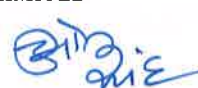
**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

**AJAY MATHUR**

Director

DIN: 08805424

Date: 25/04/2024


**ALOK SINGH**

Director

DIN: 07498786

Date: 25/04/2024

**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

CIN U42202DL2023GOI423849

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**A Equity share capital**

Particular	Amount
Balance as at 13 December, 2023	500.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2024	500.00

**B Other equity**

	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at 13 December, 2023	-	-
Changes in accounting policy or prior period period error	-	-
Balance as at 13 December, 2023	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year	(3,566.08)	(3,566.08)
Add: Other comprehensive Income	-	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2024	(3,566.08)	(3,566.08)

**Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3**

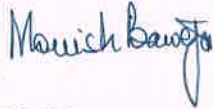
The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements.

These are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date.

**For H K Chaudhry & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 006154N

**Monish Baweja**


Partner

Membership no: 087384

Place: New Delhi

Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**  
**AJAY MATHUR**

Director

DIN: 08805424

Date: 25/04/2024

  
**ALOK SINGH**

Director

DIN: 07498786

Date: 25/04/2024

## NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024  
(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

### 1. COMPANY OVERVIEW

NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED ("the Company") having CIN U42202DL2023GOI423849 was incorporated on 13.12.2023 at New Delhi. The Company is a wholly owned associate of REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL). The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle incorporated for "North Eastern Region Generation Scheme-I (NERGS-I)". The Government of India has appointed RECPDCL as Bid Process Co-coordinator for selection of the developer for the project through tariff based competitive bidding process. On completion of the bid process, the successful bidder is to acquire one hundred percent (100%) of the equity shares of the company along with all its related assets and liabilities.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPERATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation and measurement

##### (i) Statement of compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The Company prepared its Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended). These Standalone Financial Statements comply with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines.

The financial statements for the period ended 31st March, 2024 were authorized and approved by the Board of Directors on 25<sup>th</sup> April, 2024.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

#### 2.2 Significant accounting policies

##### (i) Going concern and basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the criteria set out in the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

##### (ii) Functional and presentation currency:

These financials have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency, all amounts have been rounded off to the nearest thousands (upto two digits), unless otherwise indicated.



NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024  
(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

(iii) **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognized (as per the five step model laid down under Ind AS 115) to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

- (i) Identify the contract(s) with customer;
- (ii) Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determine the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- (v) Recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Sale proceeds of Request for Proposal (RFP) will be recognized as other income in the books of the holding company i.e., RECPDCL.

(iv) **Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property Plant and Equipment are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes all expenses, direct and indirect, specifically attributable to its acquisition and bringing it to its working condition for its intended use. Incidental expenditure pending allocation and attributable to the acquisition of fixed assets is allocated/capitalized with the related assets. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred.

(v) **Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

**Financial assets:**

**Initial recognition and measurement** All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

**Subsequent measurement**

**Financial assets carried at amortized cost** – a financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in interest income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





## NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024  
(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

### De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. Further, if the Company has not retained control, it shall also derecognize the financial asset and recognize separately as assets or liabilities any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure: a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance b) Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured at Fair value through profit & loss account. (FVTPL).

### Financial liabilities:

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

#### Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### De-recognition

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.





NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024  
(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**(vi) Fair value measurement**

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the balance sheet on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

**(vii) Taxation**

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognized in Other comprehensive income (OCI) or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognized in Other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax on temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures is not provided if reversal of these temporary differences can be controlled by the Company and it is probable that reversal will not occur in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are



**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

**Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024  
(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)**

offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

**(viii) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Company and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

- Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosure is made.

Any reimbursement that the Company can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is probable, the related asset is disclosed.

**(ix) Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

**Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024**  
**(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)**

**(x) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

**(xi) Impairment of assets**

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets or cash generating units to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

**(xii) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such a qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use sale, are capitalized. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

**(xiii) Material prior period errors**

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

**(xiv) Rates and taxes**

Overseas taxes on foreign assignments, indirect taxes, including Goods & Service Tax, professional tax, property tax, entry tax, labour cess, octroi and any other applicable taxes etc. paid/accrued in India or abroad for which credit are not available to the company are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**(xv) Expenditure incurred by Holding Company**

All the direct expenses incurred by holding company for SPV has been booked to the SPV as per invoicing done by the holding company. All Indirect / Common Expenses are allocated and invoiced to SPV on the proportionate basis from the month of issue of RFP or incorporation of SPV, whichever is earlier, till the month in which tenth day from the date of issue of Letter of Intent (LOI) for the transfer of the SPV falls. Part of the month, if any, is considered as full month for cost allocation. The holding company charges interest on the funds deployed by it based on the REC interest rate circular for T & D loans for ungraded





## NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

### Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

organizations, as on the beginning of the period. If bid process activity relating to any SPV is kept in abeyance, due to any reason, no cost allocation for such period of abeyance is made to such SPV and no interest is charged. For direct/indirect expenses, interest is charged from the month in which the expenditure is incurred. Such interest is calculated on monthly basis but recognized at the end of the period.

In accordance to the applicable guidelines of TBCB process as issued by Ministry of Power, Govt. of India, all the direct & indirect expenses, interest incurred by the holding company on behalf of SPV are debited to SPV and recoverable from transmission service provider / successful bidder. Further, the Board of Directors of SPV has approved the allocation/booking of all direct and indirect expenses including interest charge and correspondence invoice by the holding company to the SPV

Expenditure incurred for the SPV by Holding Company on behalf of the Company is considered as "other financial liabilities" (Current). Also, interest is charged on such expenditure incurred by Holding Company and such interest is also included in other financial liabilities.

The major stages of TBCB (Tariff Based Competitive Bidding) process done by holding co. RECPDCL includes issue of RFP (Request for proposal) documents, Pre Bid Meeting, opening of technical bid, shortlisting of qualified bidders, opening of financial bid and e – Reverse auction for qualified bidders, final selection of successful bidder and issue of LOI to successful bidder. The certainty on the construction of the project arises only after the issuance of LOI and transfer of SPV to the successful bidder. Hence expenditure incurred from incorporation till transfer of SPV to the successful bidder is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Further, wherever, payments relating to the Company are made by the Holding Company and the ultimate Holding Company, procedural and statutory requirements with regard to deduction of Tax at Source and deposit thereof as applicable are also complied with by the Holding Company and the ultimate Holding Company against payments released on their account.

### 2.3 Significant management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgment's, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Such estimates & assumptions are based on management evaluation of relevant facts & circumstances as on date of financial statements. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period; they are recognised in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### 3. Significant estimates and judgment's

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.



NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024  
(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

***Significant management judgments***

**Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability** – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

**Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets** – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

**Allocation of indirect / common expenses** - Indirect/Common Expenses of the company which are borne by the holding company has been allocated in proportionate basis by the holding company. The allocation percentage has been reviewed based on the prevailing business activities of the holding company during the financial year.

***Significant estimates***

**Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets** – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

**Fair value measurements** – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market-observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used for fair valuation.

**Income Taxes** – Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.





**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**4 - Cash and cash equivalents**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024
Balances with banks:	
- with bank in current accounts	500.00
	<b>500.00</b>

**5 Equity share capital**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024
<b>Authorized equity share capital</b>	
50,000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each	500.00
	<b>500.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and paid up equity share capital</b>	
50,000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each	500.00
	<b>500.00</b>

**i) Terms & Right attached to equity shares:**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of the liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

**ii) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period**

	As at 31 March, 2024	
	No. of shares	(₹)
<b>Equity share capital of ₹ 10 each fully paid up</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Add: Issued during the year	50,000	5,00,000
<b>Balance at the end of the period</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>5,00,000</b>

**iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company as at balance sheet date:**

	As at 31 March, 2024	
	No. of shares	% holding
49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of REC-PDCL.	50,000	100.00%

**iv) Shares held by Promotor:**

	As at 31 March, 2024	
	No. of shares	% holding
49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of REC-PDCL.	50,000	100.00%

v) The Company has neither issued equity shares pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash or any bonus shares nor has there been any buy-back of shares since its incorporation.



**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**6 Other equity**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024
Retained earnings	
Balance at the beginning of the period / year	-
Add: Changes due to Accounting Policy	-
Add : Transferred from statement of profit and loss	(3,566.08)
Closing Balalnce at the end of the period / year	(3,566.08)
<b>Total other equity</b>	<b>(3,566.08)</b>

**7 Other financial liabilities (Current)**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024
Payable to holding company*	3,218.11
Audit fees payable	45.00
	<b>3,263.11</b>

\* Refer note 12 on related party transactions

**8 Other current liabilities**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024
Statutory dues Payable	
- TDS payable	302.97
	<b>302.97</b>



**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**9 Other expenses**

Particulars	For the period ended 31 March, 2024
Auditor Remuneration	50.00
Advertisement	971.41
Consultancy	265.50
Legal & Professional Expenses/MCA & ROC Filings	21.83
Expenses Allocated by Holding Company	2,215.55
Miscellaneous Expenses	41.79
	<b>3,566.08</b>

**\*Comprises of following:**

As auditors- statutory audit	50.00
	<b>50.00</b>

**10 Tax expense**

Particulars	For the period ended 31 March, 2024
Current tax	
Tax pertaining to current period	-
Tax pertaining to earlier years	-
Deferred tax expense/(credit)	-

For the period ended  
31 March, 2024

## Tax expense

## (i) Current tax

Tax pertaining to current year

Tax pertaining to earlier years

(ii) Deferred tax expense/(credit)

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of at 25.168% .

**Accounting Loss before income tax** (3,566.08)

At country's statutory income tax rate of 25.168%

**Adjustments in respect of taxes earlier years**

(i) Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes

(ii) Non-taxable incomes

(iii) Earlier year taxes

(iv) Deferred tax on allowable provisional expenditure of earlier year

(v) Deferred tax change due to rate change

In accordance with the notified Indian Accounting Standard 12, "Income Taxes", deferred tax assets on carried forward losses, unabsorbed depreciation and other timing differences have not been accounted in the books. However in the absence of virtual certainty as to its realisation of deferred tax assets (DTA), DTA has not been created.

**11 Basic/diluted earnings/ loss per share**

Net profit/(loss) for the year	(3,566.08)
Weighted average number of equity shares for EPS (in numbers)	50,000
Par value per share (in ₹)	10
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (in ₹)	(71.32)



**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**12 Related party transactions**

In accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard – 24 the names of the related parties where control/ability to exercise significant influence exists, along with the aggregate amount of transactions and year end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

**a. Details of related parties:**

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Holding company	REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL)
Parent's Holding company	REC Limited

**Key management personnel (KMP)**

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited, which is further wholly owned by REC Limited. The Key Managerial Personnel of the Company are employees of REC Limited, deployed on part time basis. No managerial remuneration is paid to them by the Company. The details of such Key Managerial Personnel are as below.

Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of resignation
AJAY MATHUR	Chairman and Director	13.12.2023	-
ALOK SINGH	Director	13.12.2023	-
MUKUL AGARWAL	Director	13.12.2023	-

KMP;s / Directors Remuneration	For the period ended 31 March, 2024
Remuneration to KMP's	0.00

**b. Transactions with Holding Company (RECPDCL) are as under:**

	Name of Related Party	For period ended 31 March, 2024
<b>(i) Transactions during the year</b>		
Allocation of expenses	Holding Company (RECPDCL)	3,516.08
<b>(ii) Outstanding Balances at year end</b>		
Payable to Holding Company	Holding Company (RECPDCL)	3,521.08

**13 Capital management policies and procedures**

The Company's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves (except for specific restricted reserves). The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company does not have any non-current borrowings and all its capital needs are met by capital or shareholders only.



**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**14 Financial instruments****i) Financial instruments by category measured at amortized cost:**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024
<b>Financial assets</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	500.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>500.00</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>	
Other financial liabilities (Current)	3,263.11
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,263.11</b>

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities are considered a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

**ii) Fair values hierarchy**

The Company does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities carried at fair value.

The carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

**15 Financial risk management****i) Risk management**

The main types of risks to which the Company is exposed in relation to financial instruments are as follows:

**A) Credit risk**

The Company only possess cash and cash equivalents as financial asset as on closing dates, hence and credit risk relating to cash and cash equivalents is considered to be negligible as counterparties are banks. The management considers the credit quality of deposits/balances with such banks to be good and reviews the banking relationships on an on-going basis.

**B) Liquidity risk**

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by anticipating the maturity profiles of financial liabilities. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Further the Holding Company also incurs all the expenses on behalf of the Company and provides and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis.

**Maturities of financial liabilities**

The Financial liabilities of the Company comprises of :

- Audit Fees payable - which is paid by Holding Co. on behalf of this Co. and
- Liabilities payable to Holding Co. - The same is discharged by the selected bidder( through TBCB process conducted by Holding Co) which purchases the company by taking over all assets and liabilities of the company .However expected date of the same is not determinable.

**C) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. It comprises of currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

**Currency risk**

The company does not have any foreign currency transactions, hence, it is not exposed to currency risk.

**Interest rate risk**

As the Company does not have any third party borrowings outstanding, it is not exposed to interest rate risk.

**Price risk**

The company does not have any financial instrument which exposes it to price risk.





**NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

**16 Ratios Analysis**

Ratio	31 March, 2024			Not Applicable			Analysis	
	Numerator	Denominator	Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	Ratios	% Variance	Reason for Variance
Current Ratio	500.00	3,566.08	0.14	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Return on Equity Ratio	(3,566.08)	(3,066.08)	1.16	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Return on Capital employed	(3,566.08)	(3,066.08)	1.16	NA	NA	NA	NA	

1. Current ratio - Numerator includes current assets and Denominator includes current liabilities
2. Return on Equity ratio - Numerator includes Net profit after taxes and Denominator includes average shareholders equity.
3. Return on capital employed - Numerator includes earning before interest and taxes and Denominator includes capital employed (Tangible networth plus total debt)
4. As the other ratios are NIL or NA, hence the same are not presented

**Reasons for variation more than 25%****17 Other notes to accounts**

- 17.1 There is no employee in the roll of the Company. Employees working for the Company are in the roll of the holding company i.e. RECPDCL and ultimate holding company i.e. REC Limited. The employee expenses including contributions in respect of liabilities for employee benefit expense towards leave, provident fund, superannuation and all other benefits as applicable are accounted for by the holding company and ultimate holding company. Hence, disclosure requirements under Ind AS 19 is not applicable.
- 17.2 The code on social security 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefit during employment and post employment benefit received presidential accent in September 2020. The code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the code will come in to effect has not been notified. However, there are no employees on roll of company.
- 17.3 The company is incorporated on 13.12.2023. This is the first year of the incorporation of company. Hence previous years comparative figures are not available.
- 17.4 The Company is operating in a single segment and therefore disclosure requirements under Ind AS 108 is not applicable.
- 17.5 There has no transaction under section 248 of the companies Act, 2013 with stuck off companies during the year.
- 17.6 The Companies does not have more than 2 layers as specified in sub rule (2) of companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules, 2017.
- 17.7 The capital commitments, contingent liabilities and claims against the company not acknowledged as debt is Nil.
- 17.8 The company has no non material adjustment event after reporting period.
- 17.9 As per the provision of the companies Act, 2013, the figures have been rounded off to the nearest of Thousand and decimal thereof.
- 17.10 There are no foreign currency transactions during the year. Therefore no disclosures are required under Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 17.11 The figures have been regrouped / rearranged / recast, wherever necessary, for better presentation to make them comparable.
- 17.12 Negative figures have been shown in bracket.
- 17.13 Other additional regulatory information are either NIL or not applicable to the Company
- 17.14 The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited. The Company is a special purpose vehicle incorporated for "North Eastern Region Generation Scheme-I (NERGS-I)". The Government of India has appointed RECPDCL as Bid Process Co-coordinator for selection of the developer for the project through tariff based competitive bidding process. On completion of the bid process, the successful bidder is to acquire one hundred percent (100%) of the equity shares of the company along with all its related assets and liabilities.

For H K Chaudhry & Co.  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN: 006154N

*Monish Baweja*  
Monish Baweja  
Partner  
Membership no: 087384  
Place: New Delhi  
Date: 25<sup>th</sup> April 2024



For and on behalf of Board of Directors of  
NERGS-I POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

*Ajay Mathur*  
AJAY MATHUR  
Director  
DIN: 08805424  
Date: 25/04/2024

*Alok Singh*  
ALOK SINGH  
Director  
DIN: 07498786  
Date: 25/04/2024